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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/044,294	10/26/2001	Lawrence J. Karr	50037.65USU1/177809.2	7483
27488	7590 02/21/2006		EXAM	INER
MERCHANT	C& GOULD (MICROSO	NGUYEN, DUC M		
	P.O. BOX 2903 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0903		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2685	
			DATE MAILED: 02/21/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/044,294	KARR ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Duc M. Nguyen	2685			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a		ith the correspondence address			
Period for Reply	N V IO OET TO EVOIDE - N				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION (1.136(a). In no event, however, may a red will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON (ute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	December 2005.				
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ Th	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.				
• •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	). 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) <u>1,40-42 and 44-61</u> is/are pending in	the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	awn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1, 40-42, 44-61</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ad	ccepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to th	e drawing(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	· =	• • • •			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority docume					
2. Certified copies of the priority docume					
<ol> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bure</li> </ol>	-	received in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	received			
	st of the continue copies flot	Todol Vod.			
Attachment(s)		(070.446)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/06 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

This action is in response to applicant's response filed on 12/12/05. Claims 1, 40-42, 44-61 are now pending in the present application. This action is made final.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 2. Claims 1, 40-42, 44-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

As to claims 1, 40-42, 61, the claims recite the limitation of "conveying information (broadcast, localcast or peer information) to a user interface of the mobile device" in the claims, this limitation is **never** described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

In the below rejection, the limitation of "conveying information to a user interface of the mobile device" would be interpreted as an "inherent" feature based on the fact that every mobile device would inherently comprise a user interface in order to encode and transmit an information signal, or in order to receive (convey) and decode an information signal. In addition, it is not clear what subject matter is claimed in the above limitation because there are several interfaces

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in a mobile device. For instance, interface for transmit/receive a message, interface for presenting data to a user (i.e, a display, a speaker), interface for input/output operations such as keypad, menu display, etc.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 40-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lorang et al (US Pat No. 5,548,814) in view of Miyaki et al (US Pat No. 5,903,618).

Regarding claims 1, 40-42, Lorang discloses a wireless communication (paging) system having local and wide-are reception modes, comprising:

- a broadoast transmitter (20) configured to transmit to a device (12) over a FM subcarrier channel to a wide area (see Figs. 1, 5-6, col. 5, lines 18-22, col. 8, lines 21-28 regarding wide area, col. 10, lines 63-64 regarding standard paging FM architecture); and
- a localcast transmitter (42, 96, 112) coupled to a data source and configured to transmit over a local area and in a locally-unused FM frequency (see Figs. 1, 4, 6 and col. 8, lines 21-28 regarding local area, col. 10, lines 62-63 regarding standard FM architecture as a candidate for the lower power two-way link);
- a mobile device (PDU 10) including a receiver and a transmitter and is configured to receive and transmit data from/to the localcast transmitter, and further configured to receive

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transmitted data from a wide-area broadoast transmitter (see col. 12, lines 44-45) and from another mobile device (see col. 7, lines 15-16);

- different information for local information (data transfer information) and broadcast (Resquest for location message) information (see col. 7, lines 49-67);
- different transmission format for local mode and broadcast mode (see col. 9, lines 40-44, col. 11, lines 29-31 and col. 12, lines 34-41). Also note that different data rates would obviously comprise different modulation schemes.

Therefore, it is clear that **Lorang** would disclose all the claimed limitations except for a peer-to-peer mode. However, it is noted such a peer-to-peer mode is known in the art as disclosed by **Miyake** (see Fig. 1 and col. 4, lines 25-30). Since **Larang** and **Miyake** are analogous arts, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the above teaching of **Miyaki** to **Larang** for further providing a peer-to-peer mode to PDUs in **Larang** as well, thereby providing a mobile device with a peer-to-peer mode as claimed, so that a groups of pagers which are close to each other can communicate to each other without the need for a signal has to be transmitted via a base station or a service center, thereby the time for communication between the two terminals can be shortened (see **Miyaki**, col. 1, line 64 – col. 2, line 2). Note that the peer-to-peer mode and the localcast mode would obviously use the same transmission bandwidth of a bi-directional (or two-way) communication link.

As to the newly added limitation of "conveying information to a user interface of the mobile device", it is noted that a mobile device would inherently comprise a user interface in

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order to encode and transmit an information signal, or in order to receive (or convey) and decode an information signal. Therefore, the claimed limitations are still made obvious by Larang and Miyaki.

3. Claims **44-61** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Larang** in view of **Miyaki** and further in view of **Chadwick et al** (US **5,442,646**).

Regarding claim 44, the claim is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 1 above. In addition, although Larang is silent on components of a broadcast transmitter (see Fig. 3), it is noted that components such as I/O controller, interfaces, encoder, frequency control processor, data packets, subframes and frames at a subcarrier and subcarrier signal generator as described in Chadwick (see Fig. 2, col. 4, line 36 – col. 34) for encoding and transmitting digital data into control packets are components obviously required for either the localcast transmitter or the broadcast transmitter, in order to encode and transmit digital data into control and data packets in subframes or frames. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine and modify the above teachings of Chadwick, Larang and Miyaki for provide components as claimed, in order for a transceiver being able to reassemble input data into packets for re-transmission.

Regarding claims 45-49, they are rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 1 above. In addition, since such components (data and uplink signaling information) as recited in the claims are known in the art (Official Notice), in order for a transceiver to receive input data, reassemble data into packets for transmission, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the above teachings of **Chadwick**,

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Larang and Miyaki for provide components as claimed, in order for a transceiver being able to reassemble input data into packets for re-transmission.

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Regarding claim 50, the claim is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 42 above. In addition, although Larang is silent on components of a localcast transmitter (see Fig. 3), it is noted that components such as I/O controller, interfaces, encoder, frequency control processor, data packets, subframes and frames at a subcarrier and subcarrier signal generator as described in Chadwick (see Fig. 2, col. 4, line 36 – col. 34) for encoding and transmitting digital data into control packets are components obviously required for either the localcast transmitter or the broadcast transmitter, in order to encode and transmit digital data into control and data packets in subframes or frames. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the above teachings of Chadwick, Larang and Miyaki for provide components as claimed, in order for a transceiver being able to reassemble input data into packets for re-transmission.

Regarding claims 51-55, they are rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 1 above. In addition, since such components (data and uplink signaling information) as recited in the claims are known in the art (Official Notice), in order for a transceiver to receive input data, reassemble data into packets for transmission, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the above teachings of **Chadwick**, **Miyaki** and **Larang** for provide components as claimed, in order for a transceiver being able to reassemble input data into packets for re-transmission.

Regarding claim 56, it is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 42 above. In addition, Larang discloses microprocessors, interfaces, antenna, RAM and EEPROM memory

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for the pager (see Fig. 10 and col. 11, line 25 – col. 12, line 41). Further, although Larang fails to disclose a realtime component, it is noted that such realtime component is known in the art (Official Notice), in order for a transceiver to synchronize for receiving and transmitting data packets in certain timeslots. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the above teachings of **Chadwick**, **Miyaki** and **Larang** to provide a realtime components as claimed, in order to receive and transmit data packets synchronously.

Regarding claims 57-58, they are rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 42 above. In addition, **Larang** discloses a two-way PDU being able to receive or transmit a signal to another device (see col. 7, lines 15-16).

Regarding claim 59, it is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 42 above. In addition, it is clear that when receiving a signal from another device, such signal is transmitted/received in a localcast mode from PDUs.

Regarding claim 60, it is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 42 above. In addition, Larang discloses the device receive both transmission modes using substantially the same circuitry (see Fig. 10).

Regarding claim 61, the claim is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 56 above.

### Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 40-42, 44-61 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any response to this final action should be mailed to:

Box A.F.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(571) 273-8300 (for formal communications intended for entry)

(571)-273-7893 (for informal or draft communications).

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Customer Service Window, Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or communications from the examiner should be directed to Duc M. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-7893, Monday-Thursday (9:00 AM - 5:00 PM).

Or to Doris To (Supervisor) whose telephone number is (571) 272-7629.

Duc M. Nguyen(

Feb 13, 2006